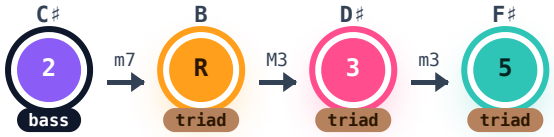
B/C♯ Guitar Chord Chart

B major triad over the 2nd · notes C♯ B D♯ F♯ · formula 2 1 3 5 · 3 voicings

Interactive page: triads-guitar.com/chords/b-over-c-sharp · Build any chord: triads-guitar.com/chord-library-app

The formula

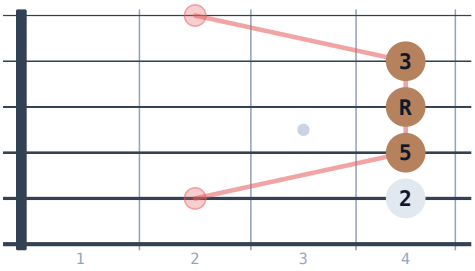


Triad note root, 3rd or 5th, played in its place
Substitute an extension on a triad note's string
Added an extension on a string of its own
Anchored root the root on the string below
Bass a slash chord's bass note
Doubling the same note an octave away

3 ways to play B/C♯

A shape · 2nd inversion

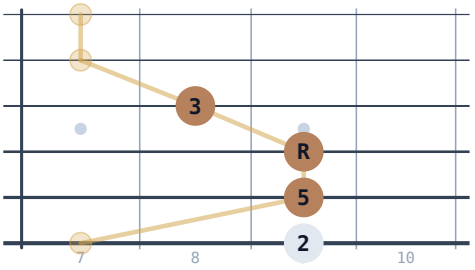
B/C♯



x 4 4 4 4 x
2 5 1 3 (C♯ F♯ B D♯)
Base triad: B major, 2nd inversion

E shape · 2nd inversion

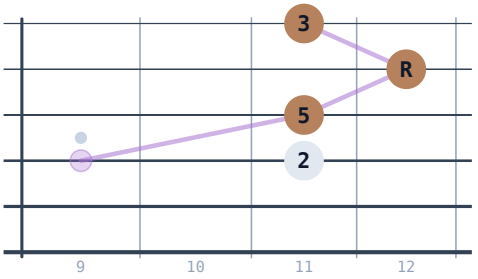
B/C♯



9 9 9 8 x x
2 5 1 3 (C♯ F♯ B D♯)
Base triad: B major, 2nd inversion

D shape · 2nd inversion

B/C♯



x x 11 11 12 11
2 5 1 3 (C♯ F♯ B D♯)
Base triad: B major, 2nd inversion

Construction rules

Start from a triad. Root, 3rd and 5th, stacked in thirds. The 3rd makes it major or minor; the 5th makes it diminished or augmented when it moves.

A slash names the bass. Chord/bass puts any note under a triad. A chord tone gives an inversion, such as C/E; another note gives a new chord: G/F is G7 with the 7th in the bass.